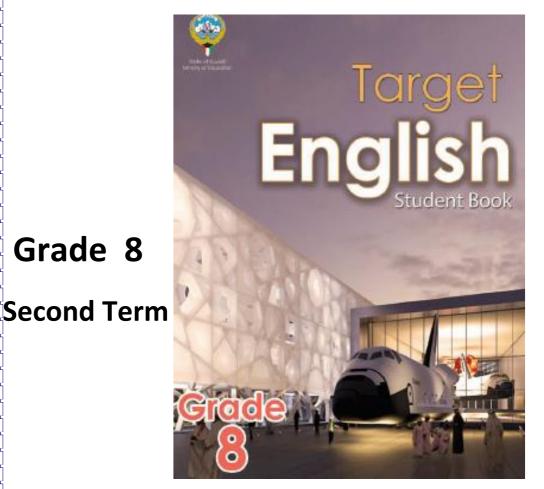
State of Kuwait Ministry of Education



Al Jahra Educational Area



Written Work

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nit 7	Ur	nit 8	Unit 9		
إدمان	convey	يوصل_ ينقل	grown-ups	الكبار - البالغين	
يدافع	gradually	تدريجياً	innocent	ساذج- برئ	
مهووس موسوس	exchange	يتبادل	outwit	يخدع يفوق ذكاءه	
يخلط بين شيئين	efficiently	بفاعلية- بكفاءة	nearby	قريب ـ مجاور	
غير واقعى-غير حقيقي	reaction	تفاعل رد فعل	alongside	الي جانبه - جنبا الي جنب	
بالضرورة	means	وسائل	pass	يمر بجانب	
منتج	sensitive	حساس رقيق الشعور	cruel	قاس- عنيف- متوحش	
مميزات صفات	talented	مو هو ب	please	يرضي	
ترتيب	skillful	بارع۔ ماہر	proud	فخور ـ مغرور	
يمنع - يحرم- يحظر	wearable	قابل ل اللبس-ارتداء	ladder	سلم	
يستحق- يساوي	bracelet	سوار	alley	شارع ضيق - جادة	
ثروة	skin	جند	modest	متواضع _ محتشم	
يجتمع	access	الوصول الي-الدخول	reach out	يتواصل _ يصادق	
يحکي -يروی	activate	ينشط يجهز	deliver	يسلم - ينقل	
تطبيق	various	متنوع مختلف	ancestors	اجداد	
مفيد-عملي- في المتنا	directly	بشكل مباشر مباشرة	wisdom	حكمة	
			trust	ثقة	
			engage	يجذب مشاعر	
			tool	وسيلة - اداة	
	اِدمان یدافع مهووس موسوس یخلط بین شینین غیر واقعی-غیر حقیقی غیر واقعی-غیر حقیقی الضرورة منتج میزات صفات ممیزات صفات ترتیب یمنع - یحرم- یحظر یمنع - یحرم- یحظر یمنع میزوی یستحق یساوی	دمانالدمانconveyإدمانgraduallyيدافعexchangeمهووس موسوسexchangeمهووس موسوسefficientlyيخلط بين شيئينreactionغير واقعى-غير حقيقيmeansمنتجsensitivesensitiveskillfulميزات صفاتskillfulيمنع - يحرم- يحظرskinيمنع - يحرم- يحظرskinيمنع - يحرم- يحظرskinيدتعيدونيديم - يماويskinيديم - يحرم - يحظريديميديم - يديم - ي	یوصل-ینقلconveyالمانیوصل-ینقلgraduallyیافعتدریجیاgraduallyیافعیتبادلexchangeمهووس-موسوسیتبادلefficientlyمهووس-موسوسبفاعلیة-بکفاءةpefficientlyیافع البن شینینیفاعلیة-ردفعلreactionیو اقعی-غیر حقیقیوسائلmeansمیزوانعی-غیر حقیقیوسائلsensitiveمیزات صفاتموسائلsensitiveمیزات صفاتموهوبskillfulمیزات صفاتبارع-ماهریافع الراداداءمیزات صفاتقابل ل اللبس-ارتداءwearableیستحق-یساویموارskinیینع -یحرم-یحظرموارskinیینع -یحرم-یطل ویالوصول الی-الدخولمیزات صفاتینتشط یجهزمیزان البیمینوعمیزان البیمور مول الی-الدخولمیزان مینومور محال الی-الدخولمیزویمور محال الی-الدخولمیزویمور محال الی-الدخولمیزویمور الی-الدخولمیزویمور الی-الدخولمیزویمور الی-الدخولمیزویمور محال الی-الدخولمیزویمور محالفمیزویمور الی محال الی الدخولمور محال مولیمور مور محال الی مور محال مولیمور محال مولیمور مولی الی الدخولمور محال مولی الی محال مولیمور مولی الی الدخولمور محال مولیمور مولی الی الی الدخولمور محال مولی مولی مولی مولی الی مولی مولی مولی مولی مولی مولی مولی مو	الساندوسار-ينقلالسانيوسار-ينقليوسار-ينقليوسارgraduallyتدريجياinnocentتدريجياgraduallyمووس-موسوسwithangeمووس-موسوسwithefficientlyselaturealongsideinacabyalongsidealongalongsidealongalongsidealongalongsidealongalongsidealongalongsidealongalongsidealong <t< th=""></t<>	

L	Jnit	7	l	: 8	Unit 9			
addiction	n	إدمان	convey	v	يوصل ينقل	grown-ups	n	الكبار - البالغين
defend	v	يدافع	gradually	adv	تدريجياً	innocent	adj	ساذج- برئ
obsessed	adj	مهووس موسوس	exchange	v	يتبادل	outwit	v	يخدع - يفوق حيلة ودهاء
confuse	v	يخلط بين شيئين	efficiently	adv	بفاعلية- بكفاءة	nearby	adj	قريب - مجاور
unrealistic	adj	غير واقعى-غير حقيقي	reaction	n	تفاعل- رد فعل	alongside	adv	الي جانبه - جنبا الي جنب
necessarily	adv	بالضرورة	means	n	وسائل	pass	v	يمر بجانب
product	n	منتج	sensitive	adj	حساس- رقيق الشعور	cruel	adj	قاس - عنيف - متوحش
features	n	مميزات صفات	talented	adj	موهوب	please	v	يرضي
arrangement	n	ترتيب	skillful	adj	بارع- ماهر	proud	adj	فخور ـ مغرور
ban	v	يمنع- يحرم- يحظر	wearable	adj	قابل ل اللبس - ارتداء	ladder	n	سلم
worth	adj	يستحق- يساوي-قيمته	bracelet	n	سوار	alley	n	شارع ضيق - جادة
fortune	n	ثروة	skin	n	جند	modest	adj	متواضع - محتشم
gather	v	يجتمع	access	n	الوصول الي-الدخول	reach out	phv	يتواصل - يصادق
recount	v	يحکي -يروی	activate	v	ينشط يجهز	deliver	v	يسلم - ينقل
application	n	تطبيق	various	adj	متنوع مختلف	ancestor	n	اجداد
handy	adj	مفيد-عملي-في المتناول	directly	adv	بشکل مباشر - مباشر ة	wisdom	n	حكمة
						trust	n	ثقة
						engage	v	يجذب مشاعر
						tool	n	وسينة _ اداة

Un	it 10	Un	it 11	Unit 12		
pot	قدر	intended	مراد مقصود - معد لكذا	universe	الكون - العالم	
beads	قلادة / خرز	original	جديد _مبتكر _ أصلي	entirely	کلیا۔ بشکل کامل	
spread	ينشر	dramatic	مفاجئ _ مثير	advanced	متقدم	
ruins	اطلال - مباني مهدمة	combine	يضم _ يتحد_يدمج	notice	يلاحظ	
consequence	أهمية- نتيجة	involve	يشمل يتضمن	motion	حركة	
president	رئيس جمهورية/رئيس	approach	طريقة	widespread	منتشر - شائع	
mainly	بشكل رئيسي	restriction	تقیید۔ تحدید	remote	بعيد _منعزل	
electrical	كهربائي	appearance	مظهر خارجي	audience	جمهور ـجماعة المشاهدين	
humidity	رطوبة	expert	خبير	quality - ies	صفة وصف	
Found -ed	يۇسس- ينشئ	attitude	موقف_سلوك_اتجاه	ahead	مقدماً	
influential	موئثر	previously	سابقاً - من قبل	allow	يسمح _يخصص	
department	إدارة ـ قسم	assume	يفترض _يتظاهر	contents	محتويات	
chairman	رئيس الجلسة	unusual	استثنائي -غير عادي	suitable	مناسب - ملائم	
profitable	مربح	generally	عموما۔ عادةً	emphasise	يوكد علي يشدد علي	
		detail	تفاصيل	narration	رواية - قصة	
		vote	يصوت ـ ينتخب	reinforce	يقوى – يدعم - يعزز	

U	nit 1	10	U	11	Unit 12			
pot	n	قدر	intended	adj	مراد- مقصود - معد لكذا	universe	n	الكون _ العالم
beads	n	قلادة خرز	original	adj	۔ جدید مبتکر ۔	entirely	adv.	بشکل کامل- کلیا
spread	v	ينشر	dramatic	adj	مفاجئ _ مثير	advanced	adj	متقدم
ruins	n	اطلال مبنى الخراب	combine	v	يدمج يخلط _	notice	v	يلاحظ
consequences	n	أهمية- نتيجة	involve	v	يشمل يتضمن	motion	n	حركة
president	n	رئيس جمهورية	approach	n	طريقة	widespread	adj	منتشر _شائع
mainly	adv.	إلى حد بعيد - بشكل	restriction	n	تقیید۔ تحدید	remote	adj	بعید ۔ منعزل
electrical	adj	كهربائي	appearance	n	مظهر څارجي	audience	n	جمهور ـجماعة
humidity	n	رطوبة	expert	n	خبير	quality	n	وصف صفة
found	v	يۇسس - ينشئ	attitude	n	موقف _سلوك _اتجاه	ahead	adv.	مقدماً
influential	adj	مؤثر	previously	adv.	من قبل - سابقاً	allow	v	يسمح ـ يخصص
department	n	إدارة - قسم	assume	v	يفترض _يتظاهر	content	n	محتويات
chairman	n	رئيس	unusual	adj	استثنائي -غير	suitable	adj	مناسب - ملائم
profitable	adj	مربح _ مفيد	generally	adv.	عموما۔ عادةً	emphasise	v	يؤكد علي يشدد علي
			details	n	تفاصيل	narration	n	رواية ـ قصة
			vote	v	يصوت _ ينتخب	reinforce	v	يقوى ــ يدعم ـ يعزز

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

Sindbad, Snow White and Cinderella arestories which people like and enjoy. 1c) sensitive a) obsessed b) worth d) unrealistic I have finished all the plans and for our trip to London next Monday. 2b) products c) arrangements a) ladders d) bracelets Don't Austria with Australia. They are two different countries. 3b) confuse c) ban a) recount d) defend Smoking in public places like schools and hospitals should be 4c) banned a) gathered b) conveved d) confused The rich businessman gave away his whole to the poor and charity 5b) fortune c) addiction **d**) arrangement a) product Some people have to social media like Facebook, twitter and Instagram. 6a) features c) addiction d) product b) skin A lot of young girls are by their weight and appearance. 7a) obsessedb) variousc) handyd) woOur school has got many goodlike being modern ,big and clean. d) worth 8a) applications b) means c) reactions d) features In the past, grandparents and grandchildren gathered totheir sweet memories. 9b) defend c) ban a) recount d) confuse The army men and policemen have to their country against enemies. 10 b) defend c) confuse a) recount d) gather 11- Cheese, yoghurt and butter are made from milk. They are rich in calcium. c) products a) reactions b) features d) applications **12-** Computer games is very common among young boys and even adults. **b**) arrangement **c**) **product** a) addiction d) fortune **13-** Fawaz is so with cleanliness that he washes his hands 20 times a day. d) obsessed b) unrealistic c) handy a) worth 14- London is an amazing city which is visiting at least once. b) skillful c) obsessed a) worth d) unrealistic **15-** Family members always in happy occasions like birthdays and weddings. b) confuse c) activate a) ban d) gather 16- Always keep a first-aid kit at home as they are useful in case of emergency. b) handy c) unrealistic a) talented d) sensitive 17- Smartphonelike Facebook and WhatsApp helped us communicate with the b) arrangements c) bracelets a) products d) applications 18- Money doesn't mean happiness. There are many other sources like health and b) ahead c) gradually a) necessarily d) previously 19- Because he doesn't know how to himself, the teenager decided to do boxing. c) defend b) confuse d) ban a) recount **20-** Brazil's main agriculture are coffee, wheat, rice and corn. a) featuresb) productsc) applicationsd) array21- Movies about aliens and star wars are d) arrangements b) wearable c) worth **d**) a) unrealistic obsessed

B- Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(defend - products - confuse - ancestor - arrangements addiction)

1- We made the to meet at 6 p.m. on Sunday in Starbucks cafe.

2- Ali always Hassan and his twin brother Hamad because they look alike.

3- .All the soldiers were called out by the king to the castle against enemies.

4-.Walid mostly prefers to buy domestic rather than foreign

5- Some young people have anto playing computer games.

(features - obsessed - skin- applications - fortune - handy)

6-My very rich grandfather died and left us a large

7-It is reallywhen you have different applications on your smartphone.

8-Mariam is with money ; she never thinks about anything else.

9-If you get lost, you can look up the directions on your Maps

10-There are many importantof the social media which make it useful.

(banned - unrealistic - worth- gathered - exchange- recounting)

11-It isto change your life, habits and routines in one day.
12-Hunting rare birds and animals is in national parks.
13-The teacher of science the students around him to show them the experiment.
14-I always enjoy listening to my grandpa his life in the past.
15-Healthy life is working for it not just dreaming of it.

(products - necessarily - defend - addiction- alongside - confused)

16-My best friend has never overcome his to smoking yet.
17-Everyone has the right to himself against danger or enemies.
18-I always get between the past tense and the present perfect in English.
19-Expensive restaurants aren't the best. They are sometimes the worst.
20-Many companies advertise their on TV to sell more and to find new markets.

(worth - banned - feature - bracelet- necessarily - applications)

21-My mobile phone is amazing because it has got many useful

22-It is widely believed that pretty flowers do not smell sweet.

23-Selling cigarettes to young people under 18 should be

24-The most interesting of the new villa is that it has a heated swimming pool.

25-Good books are always reading again and again. Mr. Mostafa Al-Jendi

A. Choose the correct answers from a, b, c and d:

Cars, buses and planes are considered differentof transport. 1b) reactions c) bracelets a) arrangements d) means People usually choosedoctors to do serious surgical operations. 2b) skillful c) sensitive a) unrealistic d) wearable We need to Kuwaiti Dinars for Saudi Riyals when we go shopping in KSA. 3b) exchange c) convey d) activate a) defend Clever and skillful teachers information and ideas in a simple way. 4b) ban a) activate c) convey d) gather Scientists and experts expect computers to become common in 10 years. 5a) wearable c) obsessed b) unrealistic d) worth If you forget your password, you can't have to your mobile phone applications. 6b) product d) access a) skin c) fortune His health changed for the better after he went to live in the countryside. 7a) alongside b) gradually c) previously d) ahead Mohammed Salah, Messi and Ronaldo arefootball players. 8c) various a) wearable b) innocent d) talented If you look..... at the sun ,you will be damage your eyes. 9b) efficiently c) directly a) alongside d) necessarily Happiness is the natural we experience when we get birthday presents. 10 b) addiction c) reaction d) bracelet a) application **11-** My dad bought a gold for my mom on her birthday last week. b) application c) arrangement a) bracelet d) addiction 12- People in Kuwait drink kinds of coffee such as Arabic, Turkish, French and b) various c) skillful a) obsessed d) talented b) activate c) ban a) defend d) exchange 14- If you want to use the new credit card, you have to call the bank to It. a) recount b) activate c) please d) gather **15-** Sara is very to light, so she wears sunglasses to protect her eyes. b) various a) sensitive c) worth d) wearable 16- Students always learnschool subjects like science, English, maths etc. a) cruel b) talented c) various d) skillful **17-** Eating healthy food and doing a sport regularly help you work more d) ahead b) efficiently c) alongside a) previously 18- Ayoub Hussein, the famous kuwaiti artist, was clever, skillful and a) unrealistic c) talented d) obsessed b) worth **19-** People use sun cream to protect their from harmful sunrays. a) application b) addiction c) arrangement d) skin Some students find it difficult to the meaning in English. 20b) convev c) activate d) defend a) ban

B- Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(exchange - bracelets - wisdom - convey - accessed - skin)

1-Popular stories always help us a message or a moral lesson.

2-People communicate to ideas, feelings and opinions .

3-Sara successfully her bank account with the correct password.

4-Women and girls are fond of gold necklaces, rings and

5-Animals living in the desert have special dryto protect them.

(wearable - gradually - cruel - efficiently - talented - various

6-Remas improved her English skills over the years.

7-Sara is an excellent student who does all her homework

8-There arekinds of fish and sea animals in the sea.

9-.... computers have long been considered a source of science fiction.

10-Mariam is an extremely piano player who won many international awards.

(sensitive - reaction - means - alley - skillful - bracelet)

11-Hamad was a little bit afraid of his father'safter he failed his test.
12-Mobile phones, internet and letters are differentof communication .
13-.....teachers know how to transmit knowledge and information to students easily.
14-We have to avoid using perfumed soaps or chemicals on skin.
15-Tom gave his wife Mary a diamond for their wedding anniversary.

(activated - convey -outwit - directly - access - efficiently)

16-It is said that global warming is related to carbon dioxide pollution.

17-John did his job very, so his boss gave him a raise.

18- People always communicate to ideas, opinions and feelings.

19-Most people in the world nowadays are able to have to the internet easily.

20-You will receive a confirmation email after your account has been

(skillful - wearable - grown-ups- various - skin - reactions)

21-Meeting in person is very important as it sh	ows our true feelings and
22-My elder brother is	at playing the electric guitar.
23-In the future, there will be	technology for easy communication.
24-The sun can burn your	unless you use sun cream.
25-Good readers get useful information from	kinds of books Mr. Mostafa Al-Jendi

A. Choose the correct answers from a, b, c and d:

1- It's impossible to try toall people. Do what you believe is right .

	a) activate	b)	please	c)	recount	d)	ban
2-	On my way to school,		—				
	a) confuse			-			
3-	We are really						
	a) innocent	b)	modest	c)	cruel	d)	proud
4-	You shouldn't be	• • • • •	to animals	by f	rightening or beating t	hem	
	a) cruel	b)	various	c)	worth	d)	unrealistic
5-	The streets are joined	by .	j	ust v	wide enough to pass th	roug	h.
	a) bracelets	b)	alleys	c)	ancestors	d)	means
6-	Mohammed Salah, the						
	a) various	b)	unrealistic	c)	wearable	d)	modest
7-	People in each society						
	a) ancestors						
8-	Successful teachers kn						
_	a) confuse						
9-	Building				• • •		
1.0	a) trust						
10	The two drivers who h						1
	a) innocent				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	d)	proud
11-	Without	-					
10	a) skin				-	d)	ladder
12-	Thewill s					. T)	
12	a) products				-		•
13-	Thousands of				•		
11	a) innocent The carpenter uses ma						
14-	-	-					
15-	a) reactions He earned his living b		-			u)	toois
13-	a) defending					d)	activating
16-	Children as well as						
10	a) ladders						
17-	Fawaz climbed up a/a						
1,	a) ancestor			-			application
18-	The thief						
	a) activated				•		
19-	The students walked						0
	a) gradually				•		alongside
20-	Stories are important					,	U
	a) reach out					d)	outwit

Unit 9 **B-** Fill in the spaces with words from the list: ancestors passed – skin- grown-ups - ladder) outwit -(1-Scary movies are suitable foronly but not young kids. 2-Fahd was very wise and managed tothose people who call him a fool. 3-To my astonishment, three buses by me, but no one stopped. 4-Unfortunately, Tom fell off a and broke both of his arms. 5-Our came to live and settle in Kuwait hundreds of years ago. (cruel - alley - proud - application - wisdom - nearby 6-My parents were of me when I came first at school and got full marks. 7-I always go to school on foot because the school is 8-I think it's awfully to leave a dog in the house without food or water. 9-The car was hidden down a narrow in the downtown area. 10-Our children need our, our guidance and our experience. (engage - innocent - vote - reach out - cruel - please) 11-Joha appears as an, but sometimes he turns to be very wise. 12-Fathers and mothers do their best totheir kids.

13-stories are very important as a way to to people..

14-Telling storiesour feelings and allow us to be part of the story.

15-It seems very to clip a bird's wings or to put it in a cage.

(please - deliver - tools - ladder - trust - alongside)

(grown-ups - innocent - proud - addiction - nearby - ladder)

21-If there's a cafe., we could stop for a drink and a snack.

22-Joha was loved by children and alike because of being funny and smart.

23-The man didn't steal the money ,he turned to be

24-My father was standing on a painting the ceiling himself.

25-I feel of my favourite football team who won the world cup. Mr. Mostafa Al-Jendi

A. Choose the correct answers from a, b, c and d:

1-	The fire had	to the next	bui	lding before the fire	men cam	е.
	a) voted	b) spread	c)	recounted	d)	banned
2-				nic in and		
				ladders		· · ·
3-	The king of Saudi A	Arabia received the	••••	of Egy _f	ot in the r	oyal palace.
	a) wisdom	b) humidity	c)	president	d)	alley
4-	appliance	es like fridges, TVs a	and	air conditioners mal	ke our life	e easy and
	a) innocent	b) cruel	c)	talented	d)	electrical
5-	My mom always co	oks chicken or mea	t in a	a large	••	
	a) chairman	b) pot	c)	fortune	d)	president
6-	Most people work .	to	ear	n money but some p	eople woi	rk just to help
	a) mainly	b) ahead	c)	alongside	d)	gradually
7-	The car accident wa	as the (of te	xting messages while	e driving	his car.
				consequence		
8-	Kuwait university v	vas	in	1966 in Kuwait city	for highe	er education.
	a) recounted	b) founded	c)	spread	d)	voted
9-	Parents and teacher	rs are the most	•••••	people in our l	ives.	
	a) wearable	b) electrical	c)	influential	d)	obsessed
10	This high	in the air ma	kes	me feel tired and laz	у.	
	a) department	b) pot	c)	bead	d)	humidity
11-	The patient had to g	go to different	••••	in the hospital to c	heck up l	nis whole body.
		—		ruins		
12-	Mr. Marzouq Al Gl					•
				ancestor		
13-	Prophet Mohamme			-		•
	a) unrealistic	b) influential	c)	electrical	d)	various
14-	In the past, women			-	around t	heir necks.
	a) consequences	b) ruins	c)	beads	d)	pots
15-	Selling mobile phon	es is a very	bı	isiness in big cities n	owadays.	
	a) innocent	b) electrical			d)	profitable
16-		-		u =	stews, and	l other food.
	a) arrangement	b) ancestor	c)	pot	d)	alley
17-	Friendship should b	oe on lov	e,re	espect and understar	nding.	
	a) founded	b) voted	c)	confused	d)	defended
18-	The violent earthqu	ake left the whole t	own	in		
	a) experts	b) presidents	c)	ruins	d)	chairmen
19-	The vegetarian die	t consists	• • • • •	of fruits and veget	ables.	
	a) ahead	b) mainly		•	d)	alongside
20-	We shouldn't do ar	nything without thin	ıkin	g about the	•••••	• • • • •
	a) consequences	b) ancestors	c)	ladders	d)	bracelets
	Mostafa Al-Jendi					

B- Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(pots - profitable - electrical - bracelet- president - ruins)

1-After the second world war, many countries were in
2-Mom was cooking for dinner in large and the smell was really good.
3-Willis Carrier invented the first air conditioner in the world.
4-Donald trump was electedof the united states in 2016.
5-Apple corporation is one of the mosttech companies in the world.

(humidity - consequences - grown-ups - spread - beads - founded)

6-The forest fire began to	. in all directions because of the strong wind.
7-Kuwait Airport wasin Al F	arawaniya city 15.5 km south of Kuwait City.
8-I bought very beautiful	for my mom on her birthday.
9-Smoking is very dangerous and it can lead t	o very bad on your health .
10-I turned on the air conditioner because of the	he high level ofin the air.

15-.... stores are often crowded before Christmas and the new year.

(spread - founded- defend - department - pots - president)

16-My Aunt Noura teaches in the biology at the university of Kuwait.
17-The Ancient Romans the skill of glassmaking from Egypt to the world.
18-Ali decided to run for class and promised the students to go on trips more often.
19-Our school was in 2017. It is modern, large and very beautiful.
20-People invented the wheel, metal objects and About 100,000 years ago.

(influential - mainly - consequence - skin- profitable - chairman)

21-It is well known that the basic Japanese diet consists of rice and fish.
22-Your full marks at school is the of studying hard and determination.
23-The of the company took many useful decisions to increase the profits.
24-They're looking to the new manager to make the company
25-TV programs and friends are the most

A. Choose the correct answers from a, b, c and d:

1-	It is wrong to		that money is th	le m	ost important thing in	life.	
					assume		vote
2-	When you		0				
					notice	d)	defend
3-					we will find new solu		
					president		
4-					oking in public place		
					restrictions		details
5-					o cooking kuwaiti foo		
	-				humidity		department
6-					.things to make life ea		
					cruel		
7-					divers, sailors and trad		
			-		Previously		
8-					m their external		-
-	-				details		
9-					nowadays travelling		
	_	-	-		electrical	-	
10					ip to London next sum		
	-				ruins		
11-	The test of English						
					bans		
12-	speakin						
	_	-			Generally	-	Ahead
13-	Most Kuwaiti citizen				-		
					defended		
14-	His mother's		-				
	a) profitable	b)	dramatic	c)	electrical	d)	talented
15-	To be successful, you	ı sho	uld have a positi	ve.	towards	s life	and people.
	a) humidity	b)	restriction	c)	attitude	d)	department
16-	We should reduce can	r acc	idents on the roa	ds b	y speed		
	a) products	b)	ruins	c)	beads	d)	restrictions
17-	It is a great mistake to	o	that all	peop	ole will agree on your	· opir	nion.
	a) assume	b)	please	c)	found	d)	combine
18-	Thepurpose of	of mo	obile phones is c	allin	g others ,but people u	se th	em as cameras or
	a) cruel	b)	intended	c)	unrealistic	d)	sensitive
19-	Many electors didn't		today beca	use	of the bad weather.		
	a) recount	b)	assume	c)	vote	d)	combine
20-	Never judge people b	y the	eir	. It i	s misleading sometime	es.	
		b)	appearance	c)	humidity	d)	application
<mark>Mr. Mo</mark> s	<mark>stafa Al-Jendi</mark>						

B- Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(vote - combine - assume - ruins - approaches - restrictions

)

1-Carbon, hydrogen and oxygen chemically to form carbohydrates.

2-Using old traditionalin teaching English is not effective.

3-Citizens of the European Union can travel without within the EU.

4- Ghalib is a very clever student and I that he will pass the exams.

5-Americans under the age of eighteen aren't allowed to in presidential elections.

(appearance - previously - universe - attitude - generally - details)

6-Students need to revise the taught lessons to improve their English .

7-My mother payed attention to the smallestin the wedding party.

8-We know policemen ,firemen and doctors from their.....

9-Fawaz is loved by all his teachers and friends because of his friendly

10-.... speaking, boys can run faster than girls due to their stronger bodies .

(combined - dramatic - unusual - involve - vote - electrical)

11-We want to as many people as possible in the celebrations

12-His name has long been a source of un among his friends.

- 13-My parents and I are going to in the upcoming election in Kuwait.
- 14-Creativity is not only aboutnew ideas ,it is also about developing existing ideas.
- 15-Sara and Remas their money to buy a present for their mom.

(approach - details - original – pot- expert - intended)

16-The money was for helping the poor people and the sick.
17-Creativity is using your imagination to create something of the car accident.
18-The policeman asked the drivers about the of the car accident.
19-We should think of a different to solve the traffic jam problem.
20-Mona is overweight so she needs to consult a dietto give her useful advice.

(experts - involved - vote- restrictions - appearance - combine)

21-The money we paid for the hotel breakfast, lunch, dinner and soft drinks.
22-The two small companies will to form a bigger and stronger company.
23-speed and signs help slow down the traffic in big cities.
24-Girls and ladies in general are much concerned about their
25-The government need to hire foreign to help them with the new projects. Mr. Mostafa Al-Jendi

A. Choose the correct answers from a, b, c and d:

1-Millions of people prefer I phone x plus because it has got technology. a) modest b) advanced c) cruel d) proud These..... islands are inhabited only by birds and small animals. 2d) skillful a) talented b) sensitive c) remote Remas is admired and appreciated by her friends because of her good..... 3c) beads b) qualities a) experts d) products Young people should not depend on their parents. 4b) efficiently c) previously a) entirely d) alongside There was a large at the theatre to watch the new play. 5b) features a) means c) motions d) audience Parents shouldn't kids to watch too much TV or play too much computer 6c) assume a) notice b) allow d) pass When I got home yesterday, I that I had lost my wallet. 7b) emphasised c) noticed a) combined d) allowed At the front of the book is a table of, giving details of what is in the book. 8b) contents c) restrictions a) ancestors d) ruins Hundreds of years ago, astronomers discovered the planets and knew about 9b) president c) audience a) motion d) narration T-shirts and jeans are not for this wedding in Kuwait. 10 a) talented b) electrical c) skillful d) suitable **11-** We still don't know how many galaxies there are in the b) universe c) expert a) reaction d) attitude 12- Using the internet and advanced technology isall over the world. b) unrealistic c) widespread a) obsessed d) cruel 13- Success depends on your effort, determination and hard work. b) entirely c) alongside a) previously d) ahead 14- Wise people need to plan for their life in the future. b) gradually c) alongside a) ahead d) necessarily **15-** The was born more than 12 billion years ago b) chairman c) ladder a) universe d) addiction **16-** Ghalib that Fahad was sitting in the corner by himself. c) voted b) noticed a) combined d) conveyed 17- love ,caring and loyalty will your friendship with others. c) notice b) reinforce a) ban d) deliver **18-** You should write a for the presentation you are going to make. b) motion c) narration a) allev d) universe **19-** Our English teacher on speaking and pronunciation during the lesson. b) delivers c) votes a) emphasises d) recounts **20-** Smoking is notin public places like schools, universities and shopping b) allowed c) founded a) exchanged d) gathered

B- Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(ahead - motion - entirely –qualities universe - ruins)

1-Our world is just a small part of thewhich has no limits .

2-All the places and characters in my novel are not real, they are fiction .

3-Don't get off the car while it is inbecause you may get hurt.

4-Successful students have got commonlike determination, aspiration and hard work.

5-The hospital is three kilometersof us. We will arrive very soon.

(narration - widespread - advanced - beads - remote - audience)

6-Advanced countries must give aid to developing and very poor countries.

7-Drinking coffee is worldwide because it is healthy to your body.

8-Most astronomy today is done by usingtelescopes.

9-The clapped loudly after the president's speech.

10- Shakespeare's sad touched the hearts of the readers deeply.

(chairman – allow- content- qualities- universe –emphasises

)

11-My dad doesn't me to stay up late outside the house.

12-Mo Salah, the football star ,is loved worldwide due to his good

13-When presenting a lesson, the teacher should focus on the

14-The school a lot on teaching children how to read and write.

15-There are billions of stars in thewhere we live.

(reinforce - outwit – noticed – remote - widespread - suitable)

(motion - advanced - electrical - reinforce - audience - widespread)

21-Tom's speech was so boring that several people in the fell asleep.
22-The school bus was already in when he tried to board it.
23-Football is a very popular game and it is in all countries around the world.
24-Understanding the grammar rules will fluency and accuracy in English.
25-Since the 2ndworld war, Japan has become a very country in science and technology
Mr. Mostafa Al-Jendi

Grammar

- Grammar
- Grammar
- Grammar
- Grammar

Grammar Unit 7 Contrastive Connectors كلمات تربط جملتين متناقضتين الرغم من Although ١- تأتى في أول ووسط الجملة. I was very ill yesterday. I went to school. (join) 1- Although I was very ill yesterday, I went to school. 2- I went to school although I was very ill. لكن/ومع ذلك However, ٢- تأتى في اول الجملة الثانية فقط وبعدها فاصلة I was very ill yesterday. I went to school. (join) 1- I was very ill yesterday. However, I went to school. Join the following sentences with **although / however**: 1- The film was exciting. I didn't watch it. 2- Ali is very good at English. He gets low marks. 3- It was raining heavily. We decided to go camping. 4- He is a very rich businessman. He doesn't help the poor. 5- Remas bought the dress. It was very expensive. 6- They were driving slowly. They were too late. 7- Salim knows he was wrong. He didn't say he was sorry. 8- Fawaz felt very cold. He didn't wear his jacket. 9- Mohammed is very fat. He runs very fast. 10-Our football team played badly. They won the match. 11-The car is very old. It is very powerful and fast. 12-Sara passed the interview . She didn't get the job.

13- Rashid lived in London for 10 years. He doesn't speak English well Mr. Mostafa Al-Jendi

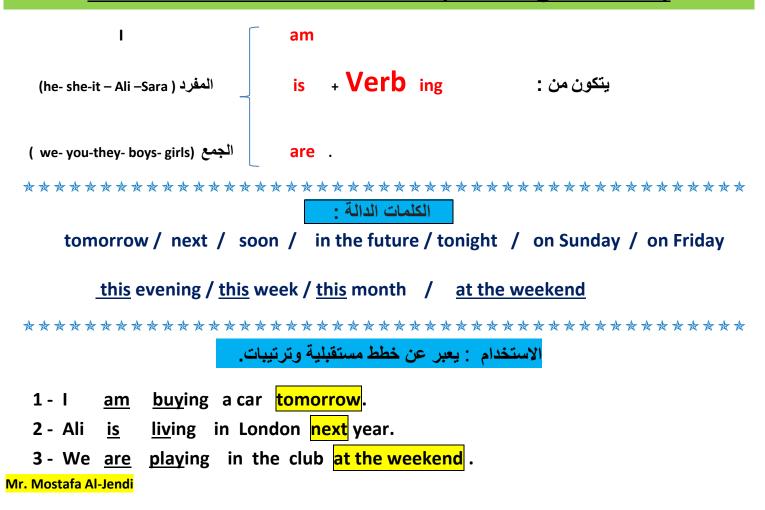
Choose although or however

- 1. I feel extremely tired...... I went to bed early last night.
- 2. I left on time; , heavy traffic caused me to be late.
- 3.It will be raining all weekend , they're still going camping.
- 4.....she is six years old, she plays the piano very well.
- 5- He studied hard for the exam, he failed the exam.
- 6-....the questions were very difficult, I managed to answer them all.
- 7- I ate 5 sandwiches I wasn't hungry.
- 8-He is very poor., he is happy
- 9. They didn't win the match..... they played very well..

Choose the correct answer:

My classmate was very ill, (although – however – so), he came to school. I (visit – am visiting – visited) him tonight. (Although – However – But) he studies well, he always gets bad marks. Next month, we (have – had – are having) an English exam.

[زمن المضارع المستمر]The Present Continuous Tense



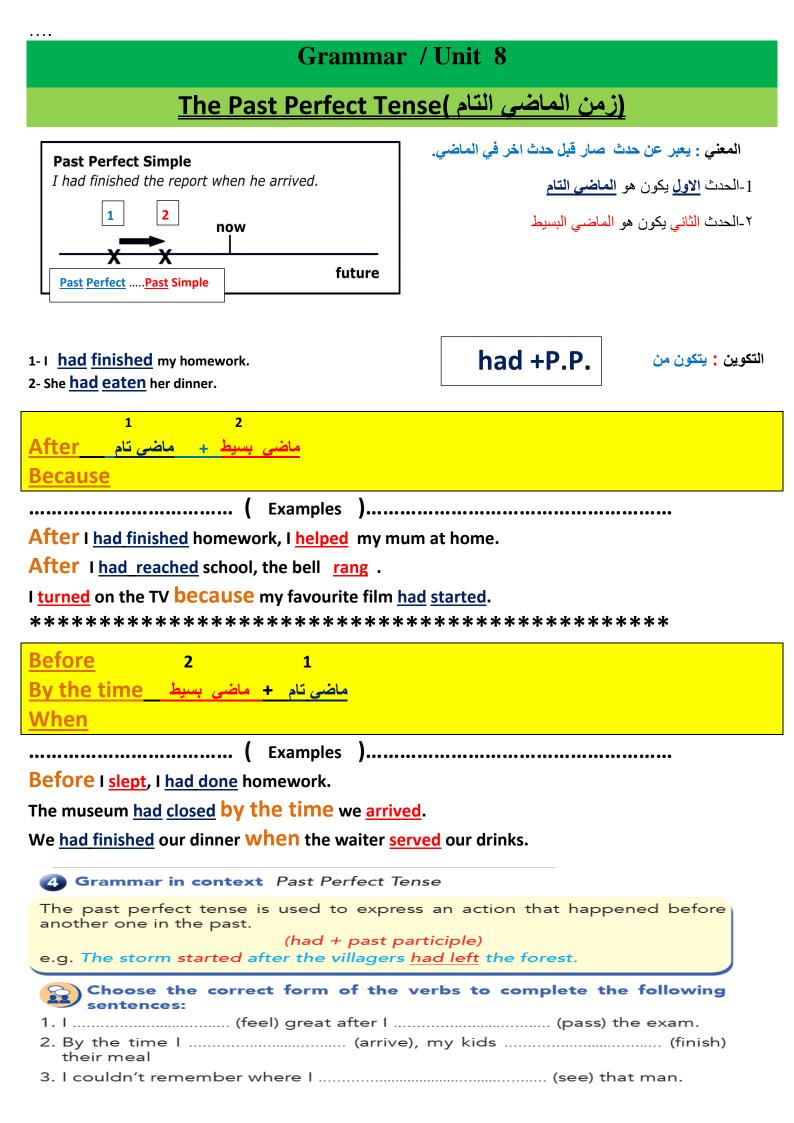
	c. I'm playing footl	oall tomorrow afternoon.
		NEXT WEEK
Complete	e the following paragra	aph using the present continuous.
Next week	k is a holiday and I have	e lots of things to do! On Monday, I
On Tuesday,	(meet) my friends and , l (v	we
	(play) tennis with	my older brother. On Thursday, my parents
		e dentist. At the weekend, we el) to Dubai. What a wonderful week!
		orrect the verb:
1-Mv mom (see	e) the dentist tomorrow.	
•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6-Remas (visit) the museum <u>at the weekend</u> .
2-I (fly) to the U	USA <u>next</u> year.	7-We (watch) a nice movie <u>tonight</u> .
3-Fatma (go) to	o the gym <u>on Sunday</u> .	8-I (work) on the school project <u>soon</u> .
4-I (play) baske	etball <u>on Tuesday</u> .	9- (have) dinner in a famous restaurant <u>this evening</u> .
5-My sister (stud	dy) in Egypt <u>in the future.</u>	10-She(meet) her friends tomorrow.
	······	
Question	ية Negative والسؤال	الجملة المثبتة Positive والجملة المنف
I am visiting	g my grandma tomorrow	7. Positive
I am <u>not</u> visit	ting my grandma tomori	
I am <u>not</u> visit Am I visitin	ting my grandma tomoring my grandma tomoring my grandma tomorrov ******	W? Question
I am <u>not</u> visit Am I visitin	ng my grandma tomorrov	W? Question
I am <u>not</u> visit Am I visitin ***********************************	ng my grandma tomorrov	W? Question ************************************
I am <u>not</u> visit Am I visitin ****************** He is visitin He is <u>not</u> vis Is he visiting	g my grandma tomorrov g his grandma tomorro siting his grandma tomorro g his grandma tomorrov	W? Question W: Positive OW. Positive Orrow. Negative W? Question
I am <u>not</u> visit Am I visitin He is visitin He is <u>not</u> vis Is he visiting	ng my grandma tomorrov siting his grandma tomorrov siting his grandma tomorrov his grandma tomorrov	w? Question ww. Positive orrow. Negative w? Question
I am <u>not</u> visit Am I visitin He is visitin He is <u>not</u> vis Is he visiting ************************************	g my grandma tomorrov g his grandma tomorrov siting his grandma tomorrov g his grandma tomorrov siting his grandma tomorrov siting their grandma tom	W? Question OW. Positive OTROW. Negative W? Question ************************************
I am <u>not</u> visit Am I visitin He is visitin He is <u>not</u> vis Is he visiting ************************************	ng my grandma tomorrow g his grandma tomorrow siting his grandma tomorrow g his grandma tomorrow siting their grandma tom t visiting their grandma	w? Question ow. Positive orrow. Negative w? Question morrow. Positive a tomorrow . Negative
I am <u>not</u> visit Am I visitin He is visitin He is <u>not</u> visitin Example Is he visiting They are visiting They are <u>not</u> Are they visiting	ng my grandma tomorrow g his grandma tomorrow siting his grandma tomorrow g his grandma tomorrow siting their grandma tom t visiting their grandma tom siting their grandma tom total top their grandma tom siting their grandma tom	W? Question OW. Positive Orrow. Negative W? Question Morrow. Positive Morrow. Positive W? Question Morrow. Positive Morrow. Negative
I am <u>not</u> visit Am I visitin He is visitin He is <u>not</u> visit Is he visiting ************************************	ng my grandma tomorrow siting his grandma tomorrow siting his grandma tomorrow g his grandma tomorrow siting their grandma tom t visiting their grandma tom siting their grandma tom siting their grandma tom siting their grandma tom siting their grandma tom	w? Question ow. Positive orrow. Negative w? Question morrow. Positive a tomorrow . Negative
I am <u>not</u> visit Am I visitin He is visitin He is <u>not</u> visitin He is <u>not</u> visiting Is he visiting They are visiting They are <u>not</u> Are they visiting Choose the cor We (go –	g my grandma tomorrov g his grandma tomorrov siting his grandma tomorrov g his grandma tomorrov siting their grandma tom to t visiting their grandma tom siting their grandma tom rect answer: is going – are going) to the	w? Question ow. Positive orrow. Negative w? Question morrow. Positive a tomorrow . Negative norrow? Question
I am <u>not</u> visit Am I visitin He is visitin He is <u>not</u> visitin He is <u>not</u> visiting Is he visiting They are visiting They are <u>not</u> Are they visiting Choose the cor We (go –	g my grandma tomorrov g his grandma tomorrov siting his grandma tomorrov g his grandma tomorrov siting their grandma tom to t visiting their grandma tom siting their grandma tom rect answer: is going – are going) to the	w? Question ow. Positive orrow. Negative w? Question morrow. Positive a tomorrow . Negative morrow? Question e Kuwait Towers tonight. My sister (is doing –
I am <u>not</u> visit Am I visitin He is visitin He is <u>not</u> visitin He is <u>not</u> visiting Is he visiting They are visiting They are visiting Are they visiting Choose the cor We (go – does – did) her weekend.	g my grandma tomorrov g his grandma tomorrov siting his grandma tomorrov g his grandma tomorrov siting their grandma tom to t visiting their grandma tom siting their grandma tom rect answer: is going – are going) to the	w? Question ow. Positive orrow. Negative w? Question morrow. Positive a tomorrow . Negative morrow? Question e Kuwait Towers tonight. My sister (is doing –

2- Salma is going to travel to London next month.	(Ask a question)

(Correct the verb)

3- They (travel) to Dubai tomorrow.	
-------------------------------------	--

..... Mr. Mostafa Al-Jendi . . .



Exercise

Correct the verbs between brackets:
1-Before she went to school, Sara (learn) to speak three languages.
2-By the time she was 21, she (marry).
3- I (cook) dinner by the time my mother (come) home.
4- Before we (arrive) at Mona's house, the party (start).
5- He looked so different after he (grow) a moustache.
6- After the lesson (end), I (speak) to the teacher.
7- They (are) late, because their car (break down) on the way.
8- After she (arrive) at the bus stop, the bus (leave).
9- We (go) to bed After the film (finish).
10. I (eat) lunch before my father (come).
11- Fawaz fell asleep after he (do) his homework.
12- Before I (come to work, I (eat) a large breakfast at home.
13- She (complete her studies before she (get) married.
14 I (visit) my aunt before I came here.
15- I didn't buy the car ,somebody else already (buy) it .
16- After the servant (clean) the house she left.
17- By the time we arrived at the airport , the plane already(take) off
18-After I(finish) my homework, I slept.
19-She had eaten her breakfast before she (go) to school.
20-We (arrive) home after we had finished work.

Complete the following sentences.

. After I had woken up,
2. I had been in New York for six years before
. By the time we arrived home,

.

After they (eat – have eaten – had eaten) their breakfast, the went to the market. By the time they came back home, my sister (tidied – tidies – had tidied) the house. My parents were very happy and thanked (I - my - me) sister. I (feel – felt – had felt) great after I (pass – passed – had passed) the exam. By the time I arrived home, my mother (had celebrated – celebrates – celebrated) my success. I got high marks because I (worked – had worked – work) hard.

Bothand	
کلا من	
لهما نفس الفاعل او الفعل او المفعول	تستخدم لربط جملتين مثبتتين
are –have-do-play-speak : بع	يأتي الفعل بعدها في صيغة الجه
<u>1-My father</u> is a teacher. <u>My mother</u> is a teacher. Both <u>my father</u> and <u>my mother</u> are teachers.	
<u>2-Ali</u> swims in the sea. <u>Omar</u> swims in the sea. Both <u>Ali</u> and <u>Omar</u> swim in the sea.	
3-Remas speaks <u>French</u> . Remas speaks <u>English</u> . Remas speaks both <u>French</u> and <u>English</u>	
Do as shown between brackets :- 1- Famous doctors are talented. Famous doctors are skillful .	(Bothand)
2- Hamad was doing his homework. Falah was doing his homework.	(Bothand)
3- My sister reads English properly. My sister writes English properly.	(Bothand)
4- My classmate plays football. He plays basketball.	(Both and)
5-My mother is going for a walk. My father is going for a walk.	(Bothand)
6. The fireman rescued the boy. He rescued his mother too.	(Bothand)
7. Mona likes swimming. Rana likes swimming, too.	(Bothand)
8-Saif lives in Egypt. Mariam lives in Egypt.	(Bothand)
9-Ali has got a red car. Ahmed has got a red car.	(Bothand)
10-Ghalib likes English. He likes science too.	(Bothand)

Grammar Unit 9	
(Reported Speech) (الكلام المنقول/الكلام الغير مباشر)	
(Imperative) الفعل الامر	
١ - يوضع الفعل الأمر بين علامات الكلام "	
ح عند تحويل الفعل الامر بشكل غير مباشر يتم حذف علامات الكلام " " ووضع كلمة to بدلا منها.	
1-" <u>Close the door</u> ." said my father to me. (Reported speech)	
My father asked me to <u>close the door</u> .	
2-My teacher said, " <u>Do your homework daily</u> ." (Reported speech)	
My teacher asked me to do my homework daily.	
3-My mom said, " <u>Don't speak loudly</u> " (Reported speech)	
My mom asked me not to speak loudly.	
4-" <u>Don't waste your time</u> ." My brother said to me. (Reported speech)	
My brother asked me not to waste my time.	

Direct speech	Reported speech
said to	asked
<i>" " "</i>	to
"Don't"	not to
me	him / her
my	his / her
your	my
our	their

B -Do as shown between brackets:

1- "Help me with the housework." said my sister.	(reported speech)
2- "Don't watch too much TV." My father said to me.	
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

<mark>Mr. Mostafa Al-Jendi</mark>

Grammar in context Reported Speech (imperatives)

When we report someone's words, we use two different ways:

- 1. We can use direct speech with quotation marks: "Close the door.", or
- 2. We can use <u>reported speech</u>: He asked me to close the door.
- "Get off the donkey," said Joha Joha asked his son to get off the donkey.
- Later he said, "Don't listen to them." —> He asked his son <u>not to</u> listen to them.

Rewrite these requests/commands in reported speech.

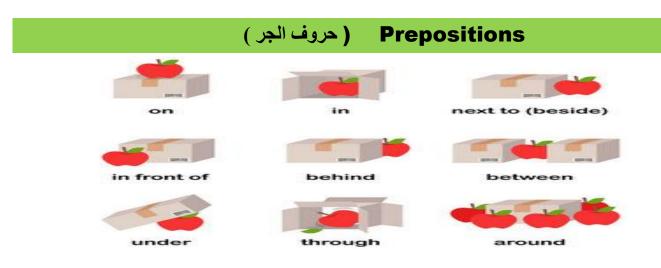
	1. "Listen to your father," said his mother. The mother asked her son
	2. "Don't disturb me," he said.
	My friend asked me
	Report the following requests.
I	. "Don't do that again."
v	Ay brother asked me
2	. "Read the Holy Qur'an."

The teacher

3. "Please, help me with my project."

My friend

N



Things to remember: Prepositions

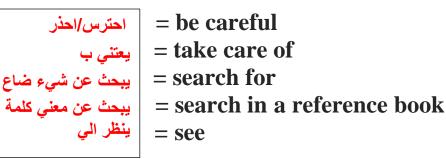
Add the correct prepositions, then complete the sentences.

of / at / on / under/ into/ through/ in

Ahmed dived ______ the sea to ______
 He put his new poster ______ the wall so that ______
 The train went ______ the tunnel. That's why ______
 When I called, she wasn't ______ home, so ______
 They stood ______ a tree because ______

ehrasal verbs (look) فعل + حرف جر

look out look after look for look up look at



Choose the right preposition to complete th	ese phrasal verbs.
after - out - up - for	
 If you don't know the meaning of a word, you should look it in a dictionary. 	Look out = be careful
2. Look ! There's a boy crossing the	Look after = take care of Look for = search for
	Look up = search in a reference book
4. He looked his keys everywhere but couldn't find them.	

Choose the correct answer:

1-I sometimes look (at -for- after) my baby sister when my mother is outdoors.

2-Sara looked (out - after - for) her lost book of English till she found it.

3-Look(on –up-out)! A car is coming very fast.

Students look (out - after - up) new words in the dictionary. -°

<mark>Mr. Mostafa Al-Jendi</mark>

Grammar Unit 10

Reflexive Pronouns

Subject p	pronoun	Reflexive pronoun		Examples	
I	Li I	myself	نفسى	<u>I</u> made a delicious cake by <u>myself</u> .	
Не	ھو	himself	نفسه	<u>Hamad</u> did the project by <u>himself</u> .	
She	هى	herself	نفسها	<u>My mom</u> did all the housework <u>herself</u> .	
It	ہو۔ھی غیر عااقل	itself	نفسها نفسه	<u>The cat</u> returned home by <u>itself</u> .	
we	نحن	ourselves	انفسنا	<u>We</u> repaired the computer by <u>ourselves</u> .	
You	انت-انتم	yourself	انفسكم	You will hurt <u>yourself</u> with the knife.	
They	هم	themselves	انفسهم	<u>They</u> prepared dinner by <u>themselves</u> .	

1-I will finish these questions by 2- James wasn't careful and he cut	with a knife.
3. My sister and I looked at	
4. The repair shop was closed, so I	fixed the car
5. Did you enjoy	at the party last night?
6. Cats can get clean by licking	•
7. (A) Did the cleaners cleaned the h	nouse? (B) No, I did it!
8. Mr. Smith burned	while he was cooking.
9. He dried	after he took a shower and went downstairs.
10. Can you teach	to play the piano?
11. My little sister dressed	. She didn't need any help.

- 12. Why is your dog scratching _____? Does it have fleas?

 13. John and Thomas, did you ask ______ the question?
- 14. Mrs. Brown, please help _______ to the cookies and drinks.
- 15. I introduced ______ to my new classmates.

Countable nouns and uncountable nouns

اسماء تعد

اسماء لا تعد

Countable nouns	Uncountable nouns	Chocolate car ma	•	
carcars	water-juice- coffee-tea-milk-	computer child CD food chair		
boyboys	fuel-oil- soup-honey-food-	cheese bread mo		
bookbooks	bread-meat-rice-flour-butter-	desk orange juice	nouse	
mapmaps	cheese- pasta-sugarfruit-	Countable noune	Uncountable nouns	
househouses	sun cream- soap -peace-love-			
deskdesks	•••	car	chocolate	
chairchairs	anger-air-research-traffic-			
penpens	furniture-luggage-equipment-			
ballballs	rain-work-snow-wood-			
<u>childchildren</u>	money- advice - information-			
manmen	news- paper			
footfeet				
toothteeth				
<u>personpeople</u>				

اسم جمع + many كثير (للعدد) اسم لا يعد + much كثير (للكمية)

- 1. There arecars on the roads.
- 2. There is air pollution in cities.
- 3. This car costs money.
- 4. There isnoise and traffic in Kuwait City.
- 5. There are books in my bag. I can't carry it.
- 6. There arejobs in the village ,so people go to cities to work.
- 7. The number of students is growing ,so we need to build schools.
- 8. There is...... rain in India. It is the wettest place in the world.
- 9. There are..... people in the shopping malls in Hala February festival.

((للعدد	قليل	а	few +	اسم جمع
(للكمية	قليل (little+	

- 1-There are students in class. Most of them are absent.
- 2-There is rain in Kuwait. It rarely rains.
- 3-There are buses in Kuwait, we need more.
- 4-They can't all park. There are Parking spaces available.

a. Fill in the table with words from the list:

kilos – butter – shoes – money – months – photos – sand – milk – rice – dinars

a few	kilos	 	
a little	rice	 	

b. Complete the following sentences with a few / a little / much / many:

- 1. I haven't got time, we'll have to talk fast.
- 2. There will be rain this week.
- 3. I have close friends. It's hard to find a true friend.
- 4. There aren't extra chairs in our classroom, we need more.

3 Grammar in context a few/a little/many/much

many/ a few + a **countable noun** —> There are <u>a few</u> books about the history of inventions in our school library.

much/ a little + an uncountable noun — I save <u>a little</u> money every month. much is mainly used in negative sentences and questions.

Choose the correct answer.

- a. a few b. a lot c. much d. a little
- 3. I don't eatmeat because I prefer vegetables.a. fewb. muchc. a littled. many
- 4. He has got interesting books in his library. a. a little b. much c. many d. a lot

B- Do as shown between brackets:-

1- I have got (much) books in my school bag.	(Correct)
2- Can you drive the car by (herself)?	(Correct)
3- How sandwiches did Sara eat?	(Complete)
4- My sister did the project by	(Complete)
5-Howcoffee did you drink?	(Complete)

Grammar Unit 11

suffix	meaning	example	

عمل / عملية

يمكن عمله

ماضي بسيط

بدون

مليء

ρ

excitement

washable

played

careless

spoonful

- Suffix - هم مقطع بضياف إلى نهائة الكلمة لكي نحصان على كلمة حديدة

3 Grammar in context Suffixes (-ment/- able/- ed/-	less/ -ful)	-ment	-able
A suffix is a letter or a group of letters added to the end of a word to change its meaning.	-ed	or process -less	done -ful
Add the right suffixes to the words in brackets:	past tense verb	without	full of

(.....)

(a) Find the words in the text that end with suffixes:

Action or process

Can be done

Past tense

without

Full of

- I like to be (help) at home.
- The (fear) boy saved the cat.
- The teacher wanted to see (impro..... in my grades this month.

Double Comparative

المقارنة المزدوجة

3 Grammar in context Double comparatives

(The + comparative adjective, the + comparative adjective) e.g. The more books I read, the more I learn. The **older** we grow, the **wiser** we become.

a. Complete the following sentences:

- 1., the better your marks will be.
- 2. The more time I spend with my family,
- 3., the sooner you arrive.

b. Rewrite the sentences using 'double comparatives':

1. If we exercise more, we will become healthier.

.....

2. If the sun is brighter, I will be happier.

.....

Mr. Mostafa Al-Jendi

-ment

-able

-ed

-less

-ful

1-If you work more, you will earn more.
The more
2-If he eats more, he will be fatter.
The more
3-If she trains harder, she will be happier.
The harder
Rewrite the sentences using 'double comparatives'.
 If you pay more attention in the class, you will get higher grades.
The more
2. If you write more in English, your grammar will be better.
The more
3. If Tareq goes to the gym more often,
The more often

First Conditional

لو fl

تستخدم للتعبير عن شىء يمكن تحقيقه (it is possible to happen)

1- If + present simple , will + inf.

If I have enough money, I will buy a car.

If Ali eats healthy food , he will feel better .

Correct the verb

2-If she (get up) earlier , she will catch the bus.correct the verb3-If we go to the USA, we (see) new places.correct the verb4-If I eat lunch, I (not feel) hungry.correct the verb5-If she practices a sport, she (be) fit.correct the verb6-I (ask) you if I need any help.correct the verb7-we (win) the match if we play properly.correct the verb8-If I have an accident, I (go) to hospital.correct the verb9-If I have enough money, I (buy) a new car.correct the verb	1- If he (study) , he will pass the test.	correct the verb
4-If I eat lunch, I (not feel) hungry.correct the verb5-If she practices a sport, she (be) fit.correct the verb6-I (ask) you if I need any help.correct the verb7-we (win) the match if we play properly.correct the verb8-If I have an accident, I (go) to hospital.correct the verb	2-If she (get up) earlier , she will catch the bus.	correct the verb
5-If she practices a sport, she (be) fit.correct the verb6-I (ask) you if I need any help.correct the verb7-we (win) the match if we play properly.correct the verb8-If I have an accident, I (go) to hospital.correct the verb	3-If we go to the USA, we (see) new places.	correct the verb
6-I (ask) you if I need any help.correct the verb7-we (win) the match if we play properly.correct the verb8-If I have an accident, I (go) to hospital.correct the verb		
7-we (win) the match if we play properly.correct the verb8-If I have an accident, I (go) to hospital.correct the verb	5-If she practices a sport, she (be) fit.	correct the verb
8-If I have an accident, I (go) to hospital.	6-I (ask) you if I need any help.	correct the verb
	7-we (win) the match if we play properly.	correct the verb
9-If I have enough money, I (buy) a new car. correct the verb	8-If I have an accident, I (go) to hospital.	correct the verb
	9-If I have enough money, I (buy) a new car.	correct the verb
10-If I have time,I(tidy)my room. correct the verb <mark>Mr. Mostafa Al-Jendi</mark>		

	Grammar Unit 12							
الضمائر التنكيرية Indefinite Pronouns								
Ø	M لا احد ای احد کل واحد ای							
	<u>ever</u> ybody	<u>any</u> body	<u>some</u> body	<u>no</u> body				
	everything	anything	something	nothing				
	کل شيء	اي شيء	شيء	لا شيء				
Y	everywhere anywhere somewhere nowhere							
لا مکان ما اي مکان ما								
	1. I can't go shopping in this mall							

- 2. In the museum ,.....
- 3. Should obey his parents and honour them.
- 4. The pen is which we write with.
- 5. The doctor is who gives us medicine at hospital.
- 6. should study hard for getting full marks.
- 7. I invited all my friends but came.
- 8. Could answer this question?
- 9. I didn't find in your bag. It was empty.
- 10.I didn't find at home. All of them went out.
- 11.The police looked for evidence but found
- 12.....suspicious hanging around?
- 13.I am very happy because Is going well.
- 14.I rang the bell butanswered.
- 15. There isn'tin the office to talk to.
- 16.The film was in German. I couldn't understand......they said.
- 17. Have you got a minute ? I have to tell you.
- 18.Hasfound my pencil. I lost it somewhere.
- 19.I didn't eat because I was not hungry.
- 20..... has broken my mobile. I don't know who.
- 21. Have you got to eat mum? I am hungry.
- 22. There is wrong with my mobile. It is not working.
- 23..... attended the birthday party. All of them are here.
- 24.Doeswant to go to the cinema?
- 25.I am very sad because remembered my birthday.
- 26.It was very dark last night . I couldn't see
- 27.We have to go shopping. We havein the fridge.

28.Listen! I have got to tell you.

29.I have looked For my keys but I did not find them.

30.Have you seen my book?

31..... is absent. All students are here.

32..... wants to go to the beach. They are all tired.

33.I think there is..... at our door.

34. This book is great. It tells you About Kuwait.

35..... is more beautiful than Sharm El Sheikh in the winter.

36. Are you goingthis afternoon?

37.Let's go close to the sea.

Choose the correct answer:

Once, there was an old man living in a small village. He was very hungry because there was (nothing – anything – something) to eat. He looked for food (nowhere – everywhere – anywhere) until he found (any – some – no) dates . He ate the dates, but he didn't have (everything – nothing – anything) to drink.

Complete the following sentences using everything, anything, everybody and nobody:

1. I am excited. Is there I can do to help with this project?
2 in this museum is from the outer space.
3 is happy with the wonderful pictures of the Earth.
4. There is living on the moon. There are no animals either.
5 wants to travel in a spaceship to explore space.

need to	
need to =	It's important to do
شىيع	* تستخدم للتعبير عن الضرورة او الحاجة لعمل
Present	Past
I need to buy a new laptop. Do you need to surf the web? We don't need to do that exercise . Ahmed needs to travel abroad.	I needed to buy a new laptop. Did you need to surf the web? We didn't need to do that exercise. Ahmed didn't need to travel abroad.
The past of need to is needed to .	
We <u>need to</u> buy a new laptop.	We <u>needed to</u> buy a laptop.
 The past of Do you need to? is I 	
Do you <u>need to</u> search the web?	Did you <u>need to</u> search the web?
 The past of don't need to is didn't 	t need to. We <u>didn't need to</u> do that exercise.
long? B: No, only five minutes. 3. The teachers of the exam. 4. I a holiday.	(wait) (work) very late on the day (not get up) early this morning. It was (not drive) to the beach because
I need to do something = it is	Negative
necessary for me to do it.	Present doesn't/ don't need to
necessary for me to do it.	Past didn't need to
necessary for me to do it. e.g.: I need to eat/ learn/ work 1. The cats are hungry.	Past didn't need to 2. The iPad was working

Do as shown between brackets:

1- We need to buy a bigger villa to live in.	(Make negative)
2- Yes, she needs to read a lot of books.	(Ask a question)
3- He (need) to study hard to get high marks.	(Correct the verb)

ضمائر الوصل Relative pronouns

للإنسان	الذي	Who
لغير الانسان	<u>الذي</u>	Which/that
للمكان	<u>حیث</u>	Where
للزمان	عندما	When

The man <u>who</u> was talking to me is my uncle. This is the <u>camera</u> <u>which</u> I bought yesterday. Al Jahra <u>where</u> I live is the biggest town in Kuwait. I remember the <u>day when</u> we first met.

- 1- A pilot is a person flies a plane .
- 2- Animalslive in the nature park are rare.
- 3- I met the doctor gave me medicine.
- 4- This is the teacher..... teaches us English.
- 5- Students respect others are loved.
- 6- Ramadan is the monthMuslims fast.
- 7- I saw the movie is about space.
- 8- This is the bag I bought yesterday.
- 9- People live in London have to speak English. 10- My father bought a car is very expensive.
- 11- Salma...... won the gold medal, is my sister.
- 12- Summer is the season.....it is very hot.
- 13- I saw Salma won the gold cup in swimming last week.
- 14- My cousin lives in Canada, always e-mail us.
- 15- This is the bank I put my money.
- 16-I met the doctor gave me medicine before.
- 17-I visited London my cousins live and study.
- 18-This is the place my father works.

A- I am going to visit my aunt. She lives in Salmeya.

.....

b- This is my new dress. It costed 30 KD.

.....

c- My father took us to the fun city. There we played and enjoyed.

.....

1-	The water is used for drinking. It comes from a well.
2-	The Eskimo people wear warm clothes. They live in the Arctic
3-	The panda sleeps all day. It is an endangered animal.
4-	Ali is studying IT in the USA. He won a scholarship.
5-	Titanic is my favourite film. It was made many years ago.
••••	

Things to remember: Relative Pronouns

 Use which/that, who, where and when to explain which noun you are talking about.

e.g.:

- The man works in the shop. He lives in Egypt.

The man **who** works in that shop lives in Egypt.

- We live in a small town. It has a lot of trees.

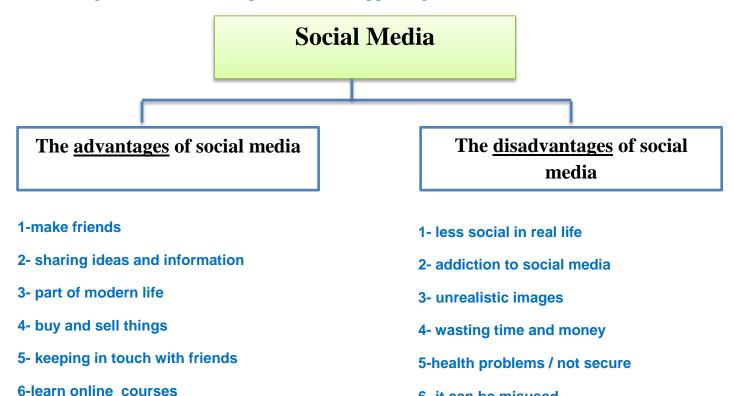
We live in a small town where there are a lot of trees.

Complete the sentences using relative pronouns/clauses:

1. I've lost the ring	my mother gave me.
2. Do you know the man	is standing outside?
3. They visited the place	
4. They bought a magazine	
5. Do you remember the time	

"Social media has become a huge part of everyday life." Plan and write a composition of two paragraphs (not less than 10 sentences) about Social Media explaining the advantages and disadvantages of using social media.

*Your writing should include a topic sentence, supporting details and a conclusion

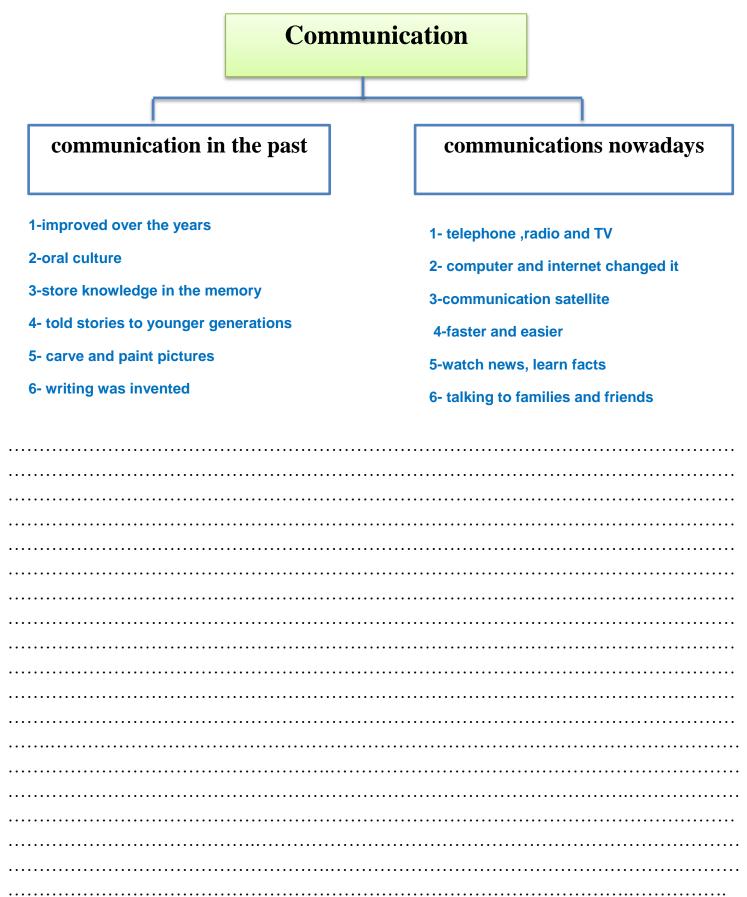


6- it can be misused

 •••••
 •••••
 ••••••
 •

"We all have ideas, feelings and opinions that we want to communicate." Plan and write a composition of two paragraphs (not less than 10 sentences) about Communications explaining communication in the past and communications nowadays.

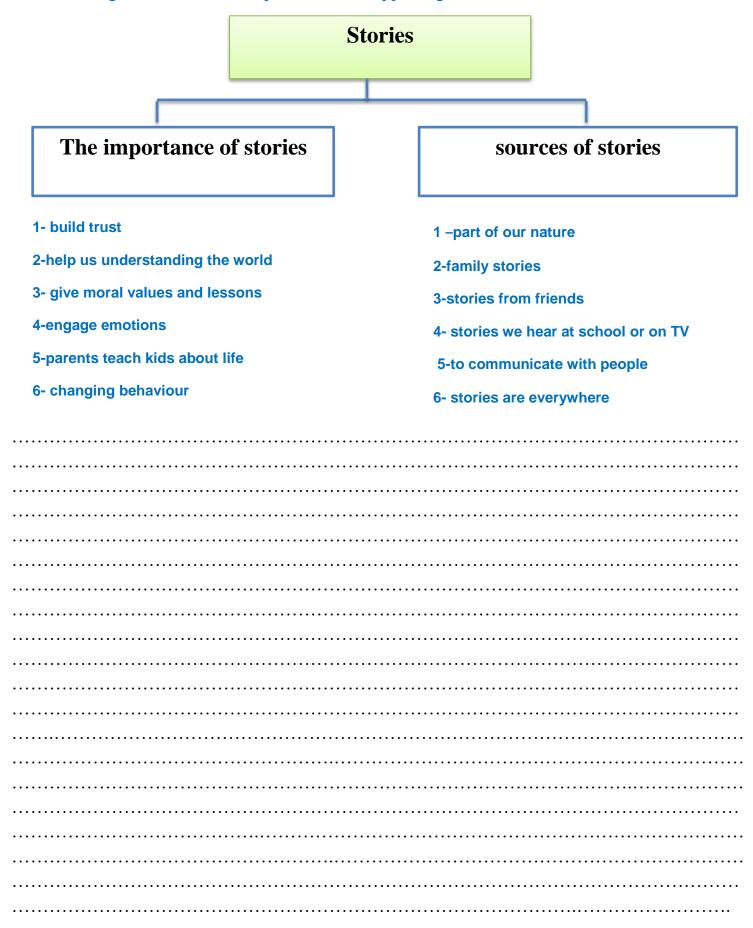
*Your writing should include a topic sentence, supporting details and a conclusion.



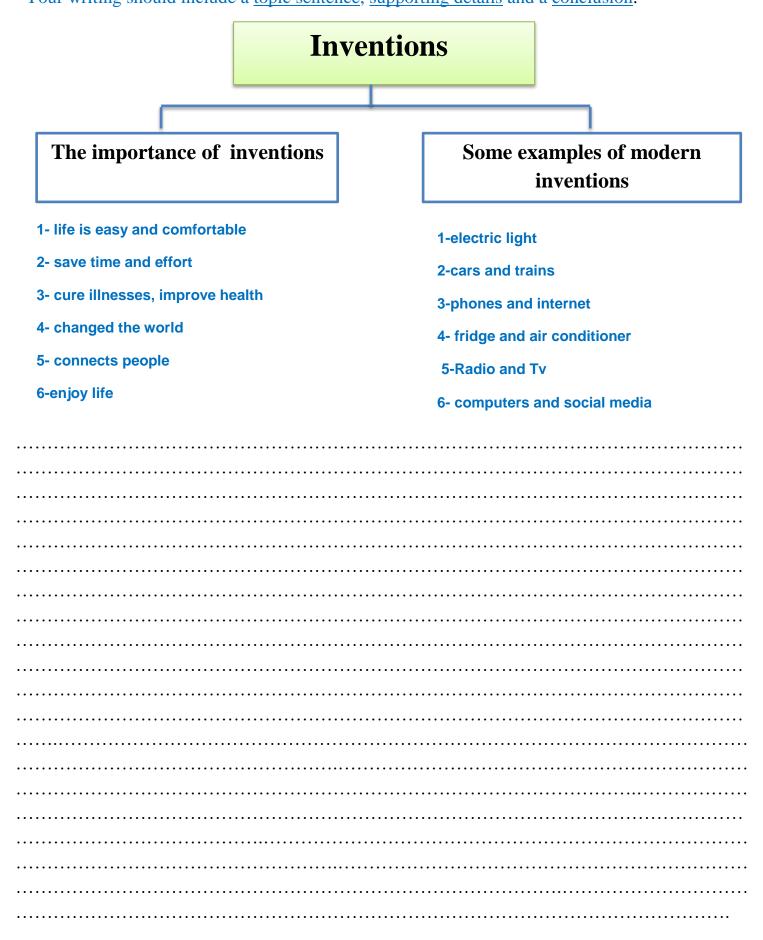
"Stories are the most effective way to communicate and deliver messages from one to another

<u>"</u> **Plan** and **write** a composition of two paragraphs (not less than 10 sentences) about **Stories** explaining **sources of stories and the important of stories to us.**

*Your writing should include a topic sentence, supporting details and a conclusion.

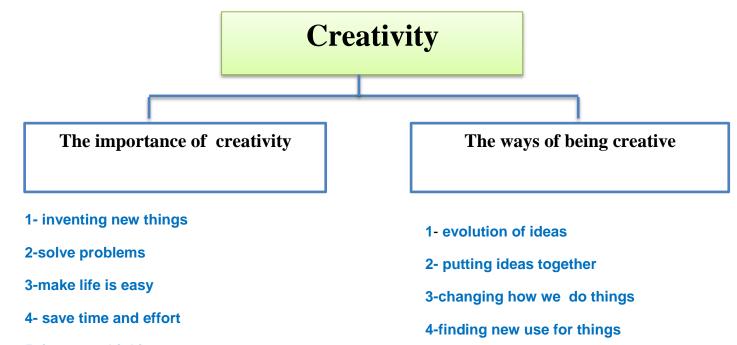


<u>"Inventions were very important in the past as they are nowadays.</u>" Plan and write a composition of two paragraphs (not less than 10 sentences) about Inventions explaining the importance of inventions and some examples of modern inventions.
*Your writing should include a topic sentence, supporting details and a conclusion.



<u>"Creativity is using your imagination to create something original</u>" **Plan** and **write** a composition of two paragraphs (not less than 10 sentences) about **Creativity** explaining **the importance of creativity** and **the ways of being creative.**

*Your writing should include a topic sentence, supporting details and a conclusion.



5- improve thinking

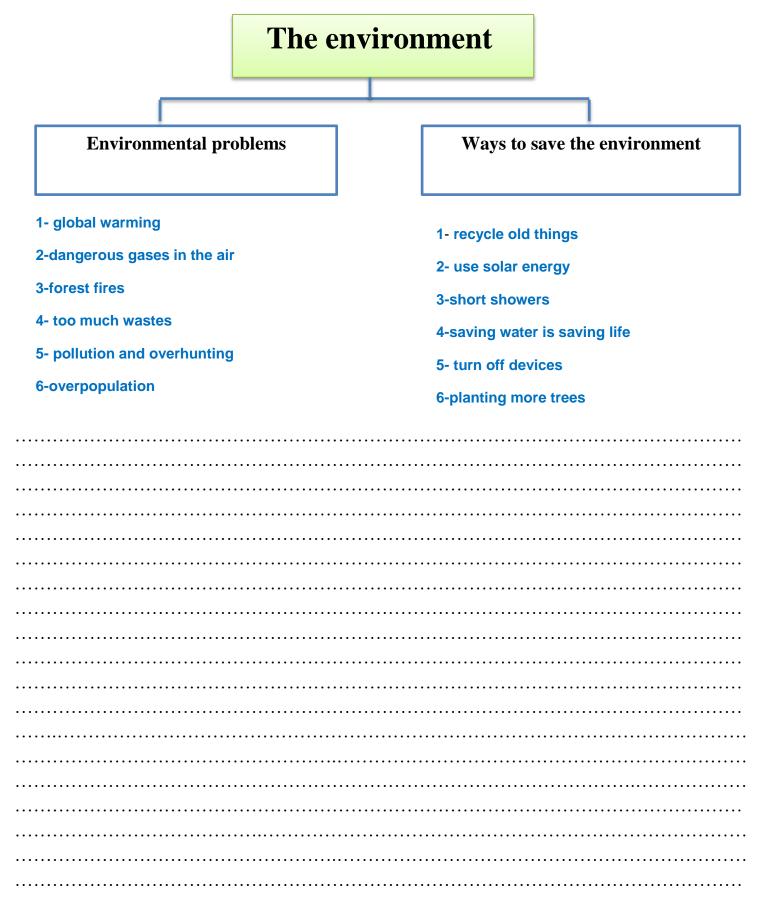
6-help us enjoy life

5- changing approach

 •••••
 •••••
 •••••
 •••••
 •••••
 •••••

"The environment is the world we live in and which we should keep clean and safe." Plan and write a composition of two paragraphs (not less than 10 sentences) about the environment_explaining the environmental problems and the ways to save the environment.

*Your writing should include a topic sentence, supporting details and a conclusion.



<u>1- Reading Comprehension (16 Ms)</u>

Read the following passage carefully then answer the questions below:

Polar bears will be extinct by the end of the 21st century if the global warming continues to this constant rate. Temperatures are rising in the Arctic. It is the only place where polar bears are found. This change of nature is having a strong effect on the health and numbers of the world's population of polar bears.

During the winter, polar bears live and hunt on the sea ice. They travel for many kilometers to catch their main food, which is the seal. Through the ice, polar bears can feel the movement of a seal. They sit close to a hole in the ice and wait for the seal to come up for air.

In summer, as the ice melts, some bears return to the shore, fasting until the colder weather and sea ice return. Others continue to hunt. They swim in the icy water until they reach floating sea ice where they can wait for a seal. Bears who have been fasting all summer weigh less and are weak. They have lost too much of their fat, which is needed to keep them warm and as a source of energy.

Global warming has <u>increased</u> the temperature in the Arctic so much that the warmer weather comes sooner each year and it lasts longer .It has been predicted that by the end of this century there will be no sea ice left. As the temperature continues to rise, the cold winter will be much shorter.

a) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d : (6 X 2 = 12 marks)

1) Which of the following is t	he title for this sto	ory?		
a. Temperature of Arcti	ic	b. Th	ne 21st Centur	y summer
c. Global Warming			d. Polar Bears Life	
2) The underlined word 'It 'ir	n the (1^{st}) paragrap	oh refers	to:	
a. the temperature				d. the polar bears
3) What is the author's purpos	se in writing this to	ext?		
a tell us about the bad	effects of global w	varming o	on polar bear	5.
b. inform us about the f	loating of sea ice			
c. explain how polar be	ars hunt in winter.			
d. compare between po	lar bears and grizz	ly bears	•	
4) What is the meaning of the	e underlined word	, increas	sed' in the 4 th	paragraph?
a. got colder b. go	ot fatter c. g	got highe	er	d. got taller
5) Why do some bears weigh	less ?			
a. They feed on seals on	ly		b. They live	e in the north pole
c. They have been fastin	g all summer		d. The we	ather is very cold
6) All the following statement	1 1	ara TD	UE excent	
6)All the following statements	s about polar bears		сп сасери.	
a. Polar bears eat penguir			en except.	
	ns and birds		on except.	
a. Polar bears eat penguir	ns and birds g in the Arctic.		el except.	
a. Polar bears eat penguirb. Temperatures are rising	ns and birds g in the Arctic. much shorter.		el except.	
 a. Polar bears eat penguin b. Temperatures are rising c. The cold winter will be d. In summer some bears B) Answer the following que	ns and birds g in the Arctic. much shorter. weigh less. estions : (4 X 2 ¹ / ₂		спере	
a. Polar bears eat penguinb. Temperatures are risingc. The cold winter will bed. In summer some bears	ns and birds g in the Arctic. much shorter. weigh less. estions : (4 X 2 ¹ / ₂		спере.	
 a. Polar bears eat penguin b. Temperatures are rising c. The cold winter will be d. In summer some bears B) Answer the following que 7) Why are temperatures rising	ns and birds g in the Arctic. much shorter. weigh less. estions : (4 X 2 ¹ / ₂ g in the Arctic ?	<mark>= 10</mark>)		
 a. Polar bears eat penguin b. Temperatures are rising c. The cold winter will be d. In summer some bears B) Answer the following que	ns and birds g in the Arctic. much shorter. weigh less. estions : (4 X 2 ¹ / ₂ g in the Arctic ?	<mark>= 10</mark>)		

<u>2- Reading Comprehension (16 Ms)</u> Read the following passage carefully then answer the questions below:

From far out in space, Earth looks like a blue ball. Since water covers three-fourths of the Earth's surface, blue is the colour we see most. The continents look brown, like small islands floating in the huge, blue sea. White clouds <u>wrap</u> around the Earth like a light blanket. The Earth is shaped like a sphere, or a ball. <u>It</u> would take years to walk around the whole planet.

A spaceship can fly around the widest part of the sphere in only 90 minutes. Even though spaceships have travelled to the Moon, people cannot visit the Moon without special suits. The Moon has no air or water. Plants and animals can't live there either. Astronauts first landed on the Moon in 1969. After that, there were six more trips to the Moon. They brought back Moon rocks, which scientists are still studying.

The Sun is the closest star to Earth. A star is a hot ball of burning gas. The Sun looks very big. But the Sun is just a medium-sized star. The burning gases from the Sun are so hot that they warm the Earth. Even though the Sun is always glowing, the night here on Earth is dark. That's because the Earth turns around, every 24 hours. During the day, the Earth faces the Sun. Then we see light. During the night, the Earth turns away from the Sun. Then it faces the darkness of space. Each day we learn more about the Earth, the Moon, and the Sun.

A)-Choose the best completion from a, b, c and d : $(4 \times 2 = 8)$

1- What is the best tit	le of the text?		
a) Our Planet Erath.		b)The Closest Star to Earth.	
c) The Earth, The Moon and The Sun.		d) The	First Visit to The Moon.
2- What is the meaning	ng of the underlined word (wrap) in line 3?	
a) cover	b) float	c) look	d) shape
3- What does the prop	noun (it) in line (4) refer to	?	
a) the space	b) the star	c) the Earth	d) the sun
4- According to the te	ext, what the purpose of wr	iting the text?	
a) to give inform	nation about the sun, the earth	h and the moon	b) to say there is no life on Earth
c) to say that li	fe on Earth is dangerous.		d) to say the sun is small star.
5- According to the p	assage, all of the following	statements are	NOT TRUE except:
a)Plants and ar	nimals can live on the moor	n. b) The	re is no air or water on the moon
c) People can l	ive on the moon.	d) The	first trip to the moon was in 1996.
6- What is the closest	star to Earth?		
a) the moon	b) the sun	c) Venus	d) Pluto
B)-Answer the follo	wing questions : (2 X 2 =	<u>4)</u>	
7-Why is blue the col	lour we see most when look	king at Earth from	n outer space?
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
•••••		•••••	
8- When did astronau	its first land on the Moon?		

3-Reading Comprehension

Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

A newly-married <u>couple</u> had just moved into a new apartment. One evening, they gave a party on that occasion. Many of their friends and relatives were quite rich, so they have received a large number of valuable and expensive wedding-presents. The fine collection of presents was on show in one of the rooms and <u>*it*</u> was much admired.

The next morning, they received an unexpected late present by post. In an envelope were two tickets for the best seats at a theatre, and a little note saying, "heartiest congratulation. Guess who has sent these " the young couple tried to find out what generous friend had sent the tickets, but they were to see the play and spend a most enjoyable evening. They returned late at night and found that a thief had broken into their apartment. All their valuable wedding presents had been stolen. On the bare table in the room where they had displayed them was a little note. On it was written" Now You Know ".

All of us meet people who are good and others who are very bad. We should be careful while dealing with people whom we don't know before. Dealing with people innocently all the time may lead to misfortune. A wise man is the person who has the ability to judge people's behaviour.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1-	What is th	e best ti	itle for	this p	assage?
	A 1				-

a- At the party	b- The businessman
c- How to rob a flat	d- Moving to a new flat
2- The underlined pronoun " it " in the 1st	paragraph refers to:
a- The two-couple	b- wedding dress
c- a collection of presents	d- rich relatives
3- What is the meaning of the underlined	word " couple " in the 1st paragraph?
a- Husband and wife	b- father and mother
c- man and woman	d- father and son
4- What is the purpose of the writer in thi	s passage?
a- to show how flats are rubbed	b- to persuade us to be kind with rubbers
c- To tell a personal experience	d- to inform us that the couples have expensive
presents,	
5- It is good to behave with people:	
a- innocently b- carefully	c- cunningly d-
carelessly	
6- According to the passage, all the follow	ving statements are NOT TRUE excent.
	ving statements are NOT INCE except.
a- All people are good and kind.	
a- All people are good and kind.b- The couple received the unexpect	ted present in the afternoon.
a- All people are good and kind.b- The couple received the unexpected couple knew that generous for the knew the knew that generous for the knew	ted present in the afternoon. riend.
a- All people are good and kind.b- The couple received the unexpected c- The couple knew that generous fulled.d- The fine collection of presents with the fine collection	ted present in the afternoon. riend.
a- All people are good and kind.b- The couple received the unexpected couple knew that generous for the knew the knew that generous for the knew	ted present in the afternoon. riend.
a- All people are good and kind.b- The couple received the unexpected c- The couple knew that generous fulled.d- The fine collection of presents with the fine collection	ted present in the afternoon. riend.
 a- All people are good and kind. b- The couple received the unexpected c- The couple knew that generous find. The fine collection of presents were the following questions: 	ted present in the afternoon. riend.

4-Reading Comprehension

Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

The dictionary is the most important tool for all language learners. It gives them the different meanings and spellings of words. Most dictionaries help to pronounce words correctly by providing pronunciation and phonetic symbols. Moreover, they show the learners how to use the words correctly by giving them examples in meaningful sentences.

When you find a new word in a comprehension passage, it is not a good way to think directly of using the dictionary all the time to know its meaning. It is better for you to try first to understand the main idea of the passage and guess its meaning. Second, don't forget to look at the opposite of the word and try to **remember** it. If these two ways are not helpful, get the dictionary then and look it up. You will find different meaning for one word. You infer the suitable meaning through the text.

Some books have a mini-dictionary at <u>their</u> backs. The electronic dictionaries are the <u>latest</u>. They have more advantages than the printed ones because they are easy to download and carry, you can take them with you everywhere and listen clearly to the correct way of pronouncing words. Fortunately, smart phones can be supplied with different dictionary applications.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- What is the best title for this passage?		
a) Phonetic Symbols	b) Language Learner	`S
c) The importance of dictionaries	d) New words	
2- The underlined pronoun " their " in the 3rd parage	raph refers to:	
a) exams b) books	c) symbols	d) meanings
3- What is the opposite of the underlined word "re	member" in the 2nd pa	ragraph?
a) find b) guess	c) forget	d) try
4- What is the purpose of the writer in this passage	?	
a- to suggest ways to get dictionaries		
b- to inform us that smart phones have dicti	onaries.	
c- to tell us about the most important tool fo	r language learners	
d- to show how we guess the meaning of wo	ords	
5- The electronic dictionaries:		
a- used at home only	b- were	very old
c- aren't better than the printed ones	d- have	pronunciation
6- According to the passage, all the following state	ements are NOT TRU	É except:
a- Most dictionaries don't have pronunciation		-
b- You should directly use a dictionary when	· ·	
	n you don't know the i	neaning of a word.
• •	•	neaning of a word.
c- It's impossible to download a dictionary of d-Some dictionaries give examples and use	on smart phones	-
c- It's impossible to download a dictionary of d-Some dictionaries give examples and use	on smart phones	-
c- It's impossible to download a dictionary of	on smart phones	-
 c- It's impossible to download a dictionary of d-Some dictionaries give examples and use B) Answer the following questions: 	on smart phones the words in meaningf	-
c- It's impossible to download a dictionary of d-Some dictionaries give examples and use	on smart phones the words in meaningf	-
 c- It's impossible to download a dictionary of d-Some dictionaries give examples and use B) Answer the following questions: 	on smart phones the words in meaningf naries?	-

5-Reading Comprehension

Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

Louis Braille was born in 1809 in a village in France. When he was only three years old, he had an accident while he was playing in his father's shop and became blind. His father tried to teach poor Louis how to read but he couldn't. Young Louis was very clever. He was also very good at music. At that time the blind were trying to read and write in different ways, but it was very difficult for them. Something should happen to enable the blind to read.

When Louis was sixteen years old, he had the idea of using dots, so <u>he</u> invented this kind of reading and writing by touching dots with the fingers. This is really the same way the blind use today. In 1828 Louis worked as a teacher for the blind. He died in January 1852 at the age of forty-three. Nowadays millions of blind people can read Braille in many languages. The blind can read in Arabic too.

We shouldn't forget to respect and encourage people who serve the humanity. In the Arab world, there isn't enough encouragement to the disabled or talented people. Sometimes, our societies ignore them.

<u>A)</u> <u>Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:</u>

1- what is the best title for this passage?	
a- A Clever Blind Man	b- A Clever Father
c- A Clever Teacher	d- Braille Way of Reading
2- The underlined pronoun " <u>he</u> " in the 2^{nd}	paragraph refers to:
a- Louis	b- Louis's father
c- A village	d- the Arab world
3- What is the meaning of the underlined we	ord " <u>humanity</u> " in the 3 rd
paragraph? a- kind people	b- animal kingdom
c- bad people	d- people in general
4- What is the purpose of the writer in this	passage?
a- to tell us about the Braille story	b- to inform that Braille worked as a teacher
c- to persuade you of Louise accident	d- to decide that Arab societies ignore talented people
5- Young Louis was very:	
a- angry b-stupid	c- proud d- intelligent
6- According to the passage, all the following	ng statements are NOT TRUE except:
a- Louis Braille was born in 1909.	b- Louis worked as a teacher in 1882
	- Louise was born in January 1852
B) Answer the following questions:	
7- How did Louis Braille become blind?	
8- In what way did Louis Braille help the bl	ind?

<u>6-Reading Comprehension</u>

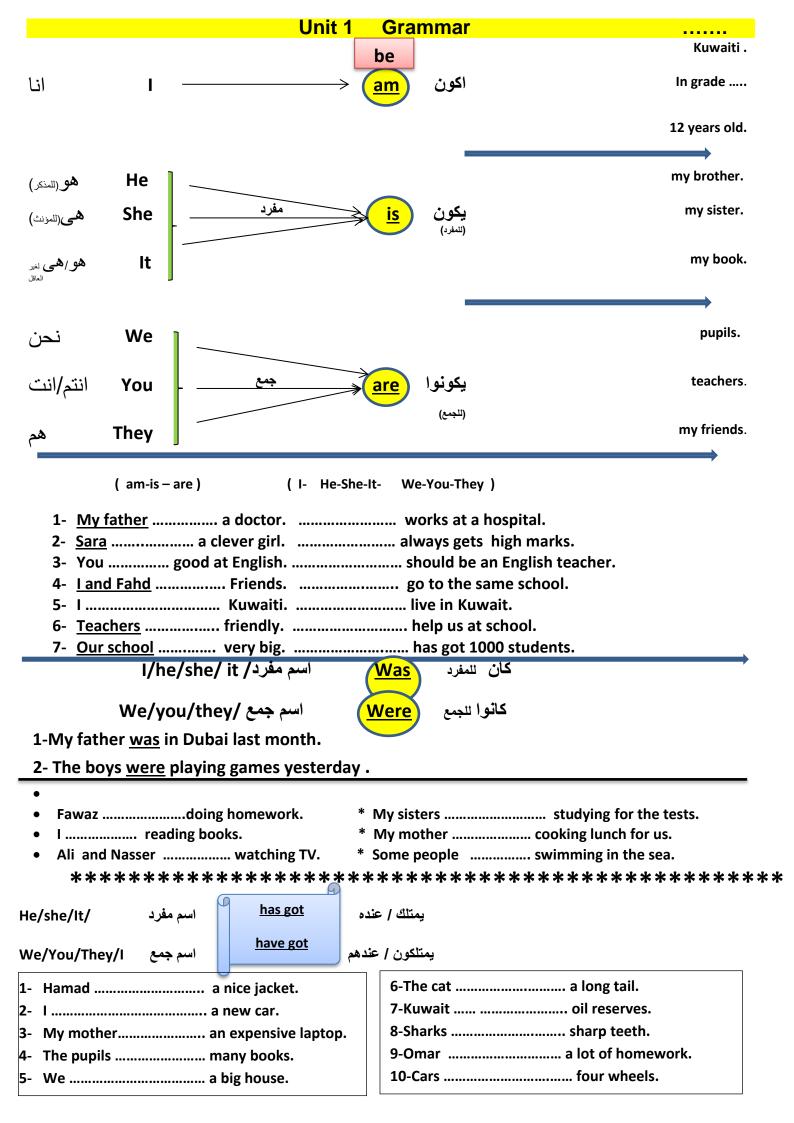
Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

People grow two sets of teeth during their lifetimes – the primary or baby teeth, and the second, permanent teeth. The first primary teeth appear when a child is about six months old. The rest of them grow between the sixth and the thirtieth month, and there are only twenty teeth in this set.

The permanent teeth in humans *appear* between the sixth and the fourteenth years of a child's life. In many cases, children still have their baby teeth as well as the permanent set, or some of *them*, until they are about ten or twelve. This can look very odd, because the permanent teeth are often bigger than the baby teeth, and because the first of the second set to appear are usually the two front teeth, making the child look very funny. There are thirty-two teeth in the second set, although the four wisdom teeth don't usually appear until the person is in his or her late teens or early twenties. It is as well to remember that this set is the one you will have for the rest of your life, so great care must be taken to make sure that they won't go bad or have to be pulled out!

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- What is the best title for this passage? b. Our school a. Our teeth c. Babies d. our lives 2- The underlined pronoun " them " in the 2nd paragraph refers to: b. children a. teeth c. people d. humans 3- What is the meaning of the underlined word " appear " in the 2nd paragraph? a. be seen b. hide c. suffer d. steer 4- What is the purpose of the writer in this passage? a- to suggest ways to have healthy teeth b- to inform us that adults have 32 teeth c- to tell us about the two sets of teeth during lifetimes d-to show that permanent teeth are often bigger than the baby teeth 5- The first primary teeth appear when a child is: a- between the sixth and the tenth years b- about sixteen months old. c- two months d- about six months old. 6-According to the passage, all the following statements are **TRUE** except: a- There are two sets of teeth during life time. b-Great care must be taken for permanent teeth. c-Permanent teeth are often smaller than the baby teeth d-Wisdom teeth don't usually appear until the person is in his or her late teens. **B)** Answer the following questions: 7. Why should one be very careful about his second set of teeth? 8. What makes a child look funny?



(we -you-they-I- girls) للجمع (he -she-it-Ali-Sara) للمفرد والجمع -

- 1.my homework every day ...
- 2. My mom all the housework.
- 3. Ali alwayshis best at work.
- 4. Scientistsexperiments in the lab.
- 5. My friendsKarate at the weekends.
- 6. Saraa good job on her test.
- 7. Sheher hair twice a week.
- 8. Noura something silly <u>yesterday</u>.
- 9. My classmateswell on the tests <u>last</u> Monday.
- **10.** My sistersthe dishes after lunch <u>yesterday</u>.
- 11. Iresearch <u>in 2017</u>.
- 12. The maidthe laundry two hours ago.

هل <mark>/ Does /</mark> هل

- 13. Hamad smoke?
- 14. you hear me?
- 15. What he want?
- 16. Fahad like cooking?
- 17. your brother speak English?
- 18. you have many friends?
- 19.Mona play the guitar?
- 20. Nasser and Walid study hard ?

- do يفعلون does يفعل
 - did فعل
 - dia ala

2. Don't or Doesb't:

- 1. I _____ like to play basketball.
- 2. Sam _____ dive very well.
- They _____ break the window at school.
- 4. You _____ know how to use this device.
- 5. He _____ help me to solve this problem.
- 6. We _____ sleep at the lectures.
- 7. I _____ like to swim in the pool.
- 8. Liz _____ play computer games.
- 9. They _____ go to the disco club on weekdays.
- 10. She _____ cook dinner, she cooks breakfast.
- We _____ train at the stadium.
- 12. Ben _____ play chess, he plays football.
- 13. You _____ speak English correctly.
- 14. He _____ lose his things, he is very neat.
- يستطيع (يقدر) Can لا يستطيع(لا يقدر) Can't

I <u>can</u> walk but I <u>can't</u> fly.

I can do homework. I can't swim in the pool.

I <u>can</u> play the drum but I <u>can't</u> play the guitar.

 I	1 you help me?2. I ´ m full. I eat any more.3. Cheetahs run very fast.4. A spider drive a car.5. A fish swim.6. Animals read.
	يوجد (للمفرد) e is يوجد (للجمع) are
1a tree in our garden. 2 many posters in our class. 3 cows in the field. 7a cat sitting on the bench. 8. In our park some great thing	 4 big ships in the harbor today. 5 fish for dinner. 6 good teachers in our school.

(تكوين السوال) Forming questions

Question words (الدوات الإستفهام)

What	(تسال عن الاشياء)	مار ماذا
Where	(تسال عن المكان)	اين
When	(تسال عن الزمان)	متی
Who	(تسال عن الانسان)	من
Why	(تسال عن السبب)	لماذا
Which	(تسال عن الاشياء)	ايهما

الوسيلة\ الطريقة) How	كيف (تسال عن
How old	كم للعمر
How many	کم عد
How much	کم کمیة ، کم ثمن
Howlong	كم المدة الزمنية, كم طول
How often	كممرة
How far	كم المسافة

<u>(Open Ended Questions)</u> طريقة عمل السؤال المفتوح

Question word + auxiliary verb + subject + main verb + the rest of the sentence.

1	2	3	4	5
(اداة الاستفهام)	(فعل مساعد)	(فاعل)	(فعل اساسى)	(باقى الجملة)

<u>(The Present continuous) زمن المضارع المستمر</u>

What

1- Fahd is eating pizza in a restaurant now. What is Fahd eating in a restaurant now?

where

1- Fahd is eating pizza in a restaurant now. Where is Fahd eating pizza now?

when

1- Fahd is eating pizza in a restaurant now. When is Fahd eating pizza in a restaurant?

<u>Exercises</u>

(The Present Perfect) زمن المضارع التام

4- I <u>have</u> <u>stayed</u> in Dubai for two weeks .
Ali hag act three brothers
4- Ali <u>has</u> <u>got</u> three brothers.
(The future simple) زمن المستقبل البسيط
5- I <u>will visit</u> my uncle in London Tomorrow.
`₹
۵
A. huulle diall the Chapmagent Simple)
<u>(The Present Simple) زمن المضارع البسيط</u> Does + play
6- Ali <u>plays</u> tennis in the club on Fridays.
<u>ک</u>
Do + go
7-We go to school by car every day.
<u>(The Past Simple) زمن الماضى البسيط</u>
did + watch 8 Same watched the film of home two houng ago
8- Sara <u>watched</u> the film at home two hours ago.
A
A
9- My father <u>bought</u> a car from Salmiya yesterday.
A
<u>م</u>
10 - My sister <u>sent</u> an e-mail to her friend last week.
h⊷a∼t • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

Mr. Mustafa

فواعد النفى) <u>Negative</u> مند وجود افعال ناقصة ، نضع بعدها كلمة _____

1- I am American.	<u></u>			
2- My father is a policeman.				
3- They are doing homework now.	am is			
4- My friends were watching TV yesterday at 5 o'clock.	are was			
5- Hamad was reading a story one hour ago.	were			
6- The students will go on a camping trip tomorrow.	have			
7- I can speak English very well.	had could + not (n't)			
8- You must wear the school uniform.	should may			
9- Mohammed has got an expensive car.	migh <u>t</u> must			
10- Remass could walk when she was one year old.	··· ·· · ·			
***************************************	********			
1- Hamad plays football in the club.				
Hamad <u>doesn't play</u> football in the club				
2- The pupils <u>play</u> football in the club.				
The pupils <u>don't play</u> football in the club.				
3- Asel likes reading storybooks .	مصدر الفعل + doesn't			
J- Asel likes reading stol ybooks .	don't			
4- My friends like swimming and volleyball.				
5- Sharks eat small fish.				
6- Nora types an e-mail to her friend.				
7- Teachers help us at school.				
8- Doctors give us medicine at hospital.				
9- Fahd goes to school at 7:15 every day.				
10- We go to school at 7:15 every day.				
**********	**********			
1- Ahmed visited Kuwait Towers yesterday.				
Ahmed <u>didn't visit</u> Kuwait Towers yesterday.				
2- Mariem watched a new movie yesterday.				
	نستخدم			
3-People used to travel by camel in the past.	didn't + مصدر الفعل			
4-Mohammed finished his homework 2 hours ago.				
5- I went to the USA last week.				
6- Ali saw a car accident on the 6th ring road.	····			
Mr. Mustafa				

Conjugation Of Irregular Verbs (تصريفات الافعال الغير منتظمة)

1		2	3	1		2	3
present		<u>past</u>	<u>past</u> participle	present		<u>past</u>	past participle
مضارع بسيط		ماضي بسيط	التصريف الثالث	مضارع بسيط		ماضي بسيط	التصريف الثالث
eat	يأكل	ate	eaten	sell	يبيع	sold	sold
drink	يشرب	drank	drunk	sing	يغنى	sang	Sung
buy	يشترى	bought	bought	sink	يغرق	sank	Sunk
sleep	ينام	slept	slept	spend	يقضى	spent	Spent
write	يكتب	wrote	written	throw	يرمى	threw	thrown
go	يڏهب	went	gone	wake	يستيقظ	woke	woken
see	يرى	saw	seen	tell	يقول	told	told
run	يركض	ran	run	teach	يعلم	taught	taught
find	يجد	found	found	think	يفكر	thought	thought
fly	يطير	flew	flown	wear	يلبس	wore	worn
lose	يفقد	lost	lost	am / is	يكون	was	been
make	يصنع	made	made	are	يكونون	were	been
meet	يقابل	met	met	has/have	يمتلك	had	had
win	يفوز	won	won	do	يفعل	did	done
ride	يركب	rode	ridden	read	يقرأ	read	read
give	يعطى	gave	given	cut	يقطع/يجرح	cut	cut
build	يبنى	built	built	shut	يغلق	shut	shut
break	يكسر	broke	broken	put	يضع	put	put
come	ياتى	came	come	hit	ضرب	hit	hit
drive	يقود السيارة	drove	driven	swim	يسبح	swam	swum
draw	يرسم	drew	drawn				
send	يرسل	sent	sent				
get	يحصل على	got	got				
grow	يكبر	grew	grown				
fall	يسقط	fell	fallen				
catch	يمسك	caught	caught				
hear	يسمع	heard	heard				
hide	يختبئ	hid	hidden				
keep	يحافظ	kept	kept				
know	يعرف	knew	known				
leave	يغادر	left	left				
say	يقول	said	said				
ring	يتصل	rang	rung	Mr. Mustafa			
rise	ترتفع	rose	risen				